

OUTLAST



Genre:	Survival Horror
Release:	2013
Platforms:	MS Windows, PS4, Xbox One, Linux, OS X, Nintendo Switch
Developer:	Red Barrels
Publisher:	Red Barrels
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1. Gameplay

Outlast is the story of a journalist who gets a tip by an anonymous informant that something peculiar is going on at a remote psychiatric hospital located in the mountains. The journalist goes there to investigate and see it for himself, but when he arrives, he realizes that hell has broken loose already. He decides to leave but he realizes that it is too late. He is already trapped inside. Hence, he has to find a way out and while doing so, he investigates and finds out what's happening inside the asylum, what's been going on with the patients and who's behind those experiments.

Trailer: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uKA-IA4locM>

2. Sound

Outlast is a game of horror and so are its soundtracks. Its sounds play a major role in the game. They conduct a huge load of emotions that go along with the game narrative. The sounds are delivered in a realistic, honest, and unique manner, which convey horror, pain, and helplessness. Background sound and noises are mostly combined and played within the game. Noises however are only played depending on the location and/or the player's input which results to its corresponding action. Sound progressions are present in the game that accompany the character's development, location

evolvement, and the ambient actions.

2.1 Soundtrack

Environment

The environment's soundtracks build up uneasy atmosphere and tension throughout the game, a slow-paced soundtrack faded in. This is accompanied with blurry, unclear, and grainy noises like that from dry leaves, radio, car engine welcome the player into the game, an outdoor scene. Howling of wolves, calls of owls, and chirping of insects from afar expand the environment's size. These combined together build up a deep atmosphere of fear.

The background sound changes when entering the asylum and or other parts of the building. The sound changes and tends to play with the emotions of the player and tends to tease the player into thinking that something unknown could happen in blink of an eye. Creaking of floors, static noises from television, fuzzy voices of people murmuring in distant rooms deliver the message to the player that the place he is in, is more likely like a huge maze.

Here are some of the examples of the soundtracks regarding the game's environment:

Room

Game State

Sequence

2.2 Noise/Tone

Dialogue/Voice Over

Voice overs are not present for the player character but is present for the nonplayable characters (NPCs). When delivering scripted dialogues, the NPCs deliver it with great voice acting depending on what they want to convey to the player. Suffering hums, murmurs, slow deliverance of statements and angry commands. Whenever the NPCs deliver the script/voice overs, the background sound doesn't change.

Player Character

The main character's actions go along with their corresponding sound effects. They evolve depending on what situation the player is in. For example, footstep sounds change depending on the material of the ground being stepped on by the character. Panting sounds differ and evolve according to the action the player. For example, jumping, squeezing into narrow places and climbing up. Whenever the player is hurting or at the peak of a situation, the panting is more evident and louder. The evolvement of the character's sound feedback gives the player the same feeling of what the character is currently experiencing.

Example:

Nonplayable Character

Objects/Assets

The sounds of objects in the game are heard very clearly in contrary to the background. Ringing of phones, flickering of lights, zooming in of camera, etc. are delivered very distinctly, in such a way that the player knows whether that object is far or near him/her. The sounds also give the player an excellent feedback when doing actions with specific objects. First encounters with a specific object like dead bodies are accompanied with a jump scare sound, a very loud scream combined with orchestral sound.

Example:

2.3 User Interface

In the game, there are three major UI elements:

- Showing the game objective
- Reading storytelling items when picked up
- Writing on the character's journal

When an objective is shown, the background sound doesn't change but it is accompanied by a sound bark, like a bell ringing to get the player's attention to see what his/her next goal is.

Example:

When picking up a storytelling item, the background sound changes into a slow-paced one, muting all the noises in the current environment, where the player is. This allows the player to focus on the storytelling item. The UI transition is always accompanied by a sound of the specific item. For example, grabbing a paper. Going out of the UI is also accompanied by a loud scary sound, reminding the player that he/she is back into the game.

Examples:

When the character is writing on his journal, the background sound doesn't change but the writing is accompanied with a scribbling sound on paper.

Example:

3. Conclusion

4. Comparison with Five Nights at Freddy's

4.1 General Comparison

4.2 Sound Comparison

Soundtrack Noise/Tone Voice Over User Interface

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